

SIAP Information

Regional Course on SDGs Indicators: Measuring decent work using microdata from labour force surveys

[30 September—4 October 2019 | Chiba, Japan | in collaboration with ILO]

SIAP organized one-week ILO-SIAP “Regional Course on SDG Indicators: Measuring decent work using microdata from labour force surveys”. Twenty-one (21) statisticians from twelve (12) countries participated. Apart from introducing basic concepts relating to measurement of decent work, the course primarily focussed on application of these concepts on the microdata brought by the participants from their countries.

Decent work is important especially in the case of developing economies and it is not limited to only employer, but the factors that define decent work also include health insurance, pension etc. and all of them have a common objective – Improving the quality of labour force. The participants were able to gain computational knowledge on other SDG goal 8 related indicators including - informal employment, Unemployment, NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training), time-related underemployment; decent work indicators. The course also provided review of existing and available labour market microdata. STATA software was used for processing the data brought by participants. The participants applied various concepts learned during the course to their country data and derived key labour market variables as well as prepared key outcome tables with key labour market indicators. They also gained knowledge of operation of labour market in other countries and issues and problems relating to measurement.



Coming up Events

Data Visualization Training

[6—8 November 2019 | Chiba, Japan | in collaboration with PARIS21; ADB]

This training course is to foster learning of NSO statisticians to have better understanding of data visualization principles and practices and what tools are available, how to use these tools, and create their own data visualization.

Sixth Regional Training Course on the National Strategy for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) and Advanced Data Planning Tool (ADAPT)

[11—15 November 2019 | Chiba, Japan | in collaboration with PARIS21]

The training aims to strengthen the capacity of senior managers of NSOs and national planning agencies to prepare data plans that would address national data needs as well as advocate for better appreciation of data and statistics as important elements in national development planning.

Regional Training Course on Monitoring the SDGs from Gender Perspectives

[18—22 November 2019 | Daejeon, Republic of Korea | in collaboration with UN Women; KOSTAT]

The course will provide the opportunity for participants to learn the concepts and frameworks on statistics and indicators related to SDG 5, with the overall aim to strengthen capacity to produce a set of statistics, including indicators, to inform gender policy decisions at the national and international levels.



Regional capacity development workshop for countries from Asia and the Pacific (RAP) on Farm Survey Based SDG Indicators

[21—24 October 2019 | Chiba, Japan | in collaboration with FAO]

Regional capacity development workshop on Farm Survey based SDG indicators of one-week duration was organized in collaboration with FAO. Thirty-one (31) participants from seventeen (17) countries and United Nations Resident Coordinator's Office of Lao People's Republic participated. The objective of this workshop was to provide capacity development on methodology, data collection and calculation of selected SDG indicators related to sustainable and productive agriculture to government officials responsible for monitoring SDGs.

FAO, custodian agency of 21 SDG indicators, is working closely with countries to develop their capacity on data collection and monitoring, especially on the indicators which pertain to sustainable agriculture. In this workshop the participant were explained the whole process of reclassification of Tier 3 indicators to Tier 2 indicators adopted by FAO. This was done by first development of methodology by FAO in consultation with stakeholders and later followed by pilot testing in a few selected countries. The procedure passing through this process were presented to IAEG-SDGs for approval and hence final adoption of methodology. Through regional workshop, in depth training was provided on each of the indicators which is essential for SDG implementation.

Events Highlight

Country Course on Labour Accounts in Malaysia

[14—18 October 2019 | Perak, Malaysia | in collaboration with UNSD, DOSM and ABS]

The course was delivered in collaboration with United Nations Statistics Division, International Labour Organization and Australian Bureau of Statistics. The course was designed for statisticians compiling national accounts, labour statistics and other economic statistics. It covered the main topics relating to compilation of Labour Accounts. A planning session was held for the preparation of a project plan for compilation of Labour accounts so that these may be used for policy formulation. Actual data from labour force surveys and other national accounts from Malaysia was used for the purpose of the training and compilation of labour accounts for one quadrant was demonstrated. The participants were advised to compile labour accounts for other quadrants. This course gave the participants expertise on how to create a project plan and use practical experience to continue the work in the development of Labour Accounts. Twenty-nine government statisticians of Malaysia participated in the course.

Country Course on Population and Housing Censuses: International Recommendations and Use of Emerging Technologies and Methodologies

[14—18 October 2019 | Perak, Malaysia | in collaboration with DOSM]

The course was conducted for participants of Malaysia with an objective to prepare them to take up their population census which is scheduled in 2020. The current training focused on the latest developments in alternative census methodologies, use of electronic technology in census operations, review of revised international census recommendations and applying demographic analysis to assess the quality of census. Twenty-three statistician from Department of Statistics Malaysia and officials from National Registration Department participated in the course.