

# The Role of National Gender Statistics in Myanmar

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### **Institutional Mechanisms for Gender Mainstreaming**

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- Led by the Ministry of Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement.
- Myanmar National Committee for Women's Affairs, an inter-ministerial policy-related mechanism established in 1996 and reestablished in 2012 under the new government to implement the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW) and the Beijing Platform for Action;
- Myanmar Maternal and Child Welfare Association, which was established in 1991 to promote maternal and child health and well-being in remote areas.

### **Institutional Mechanisms for Gender Mainstreaming**

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- The 2008 Myanmar Constitution prescribes equal rights for all person on the basis of sex.
- Myanmar is a member of the ASEAN committee on women and a committee on the Protection of the Rights of Women and Children.
- The government of Myanmar has committed to a National Strategic Plan for the Advancement of Women (NSPAW) 2013-2022.

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## **National Strategic Plan for the Advancement of Women (2013-2022)**

**Objective**

All women in Myanmar are empowered and able to fully enjoy their rights with the support of the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar. Enabling systems, structures and practices are created for the advancement of women, gender equality, and the realization of women's rights.

**The NSPAW is the main policy document in Myanmar that is explicit on gender issues.**

**NSPAW is based on the 12 Priority Areas**



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## **Gender Statistics**



## Women's Participation in Government and Public Administration

Year	Percentage of Senior Official Positions held by women in public sector	Women Parliamentary Member Percent in National Parliament	Women Percent in Judiciary
2011-2012	37.38	2.94	49.65
2012-2013	37.30	4.61	49.60
2013-2014	39.45	4.69	50.18
2014-2015	39.10	4.69	52.41
2015-2016	44.70	4.75	52.54
2016-2017	46.07	10.36	53.23

Source: Central Statistical Organization

## Women's Participation in Labour Force

	Labour Force Participation Rate	Labour Underutilization	Unemployment Rate
Male	80.20	6.00	0.70
<b>Female</b>	<b>51.60</b>	<b>8.10</b>	<b>0.90</b>
Total	64.70	6.90	0.80

Source: Labour Force, Child Labour and School-to-Work Transition Survey (2015)

## Gender equality and women's rights in the economy

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Status in Employment	Number			Proportion		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
<i>Total</i>	21,872,539	13,307,050	8,565,489	100	100	100
Employees (government)	1,346,111	770,640	575,471	6.2	5.8	6.7
Employees (private organizations and other entities)	7,166,088	4,698,466	2,467,622	32.8	35.3	28.8
Employers	1,042,235	775,197	267,038	4.8	5.8	3.1
Own account workers	8,629,863	5,611,778	3,018,085	39.5	42.2	35.2
Contributing family workers	3,688,242	1,450,969	2,237,273	16.9	10.9	26.1

Source: Myanmar Population and Housing Census (2014)



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# Myanmar SDG Indicators Baseline Report



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## Myanmar's Statistical SDG Indicators Baseline Report



- **196 indicators** are presented in this report out of the total **320 "split"** indicators.
- **61%** of the SDG indicators that are presented in this report.
- **39%** of SDG indicators that are not yet presented in this report.
  - **18%** - definition/methodology for the indicator has not yet been defined at the international level.
  - **21%** - no relevant data source was found.



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## Gender relevant SDGs

12 out of 17 Goals covering gender equality

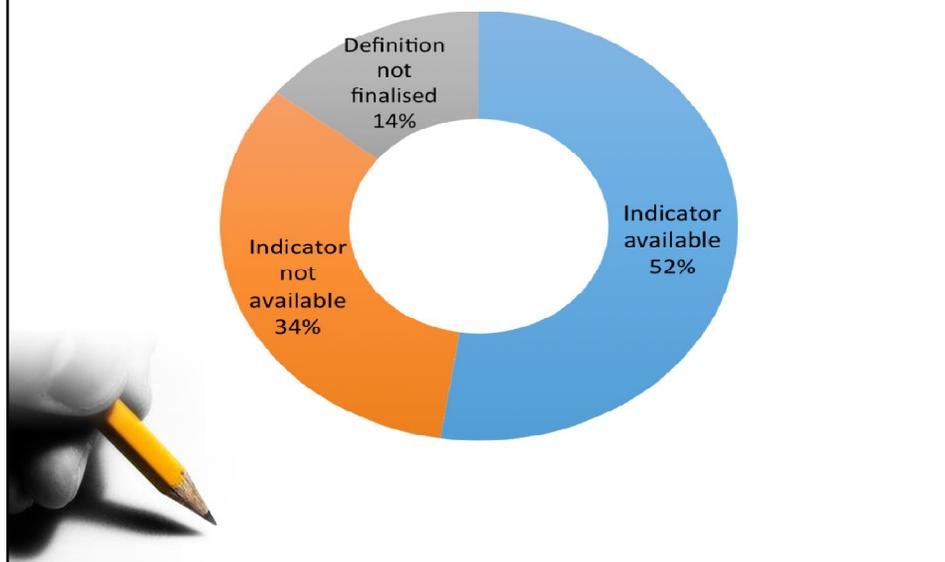
<b>1</b> NO POVERTY 	<b>2</b> ZERO HUNGER 	<b>3</b> GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING 	<b>4</b> QUALITY EDUCATION 	<b>5</b> GENDER EQUALITY 	<b>6</b> CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION 
<b>7</b> AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY 	<b>8</b> DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 	<b>9</b> INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 	<b>10</b> REDUCED INEQUALITIES 	<b>11</b> SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES 	<b>12</b> RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION 
<b>13</b> CLIMATE ACTION 	<b>14</b> LIFE BELOW WATER 	<b>15</b> LIFE ON LAND 	<b>16</b> PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS 	<b>17</b> PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS 	

- 12 SDGs goals out of 17 covering Gender Equality
- 32% indicators related to Gender Equality



## SDGs, goal 5, Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

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Indicator	Year	Value	Source of Publication
5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex			
5.2.1 Proportion of ever-married women and girls (aged 15-49) subjected to physical and/or sexual violence by any husband, in the last 12 months*	2015-16	11.0%	2015-16 Demographic and Health Survey
5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence			
5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 15-19 years who are married*	2015-16	12.6%	2015-16 Demographic and Health Survey
5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 15-19 years who are married*	2014	12.4%	Myanmar 2014 Population and Housing Census

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	Indicator	Year	Value	Source of Publication
5.3.2	Percentage of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone FGM/C, by age group (for relevant countries only)	2015	0%	
5.4.1	Percentage of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex, age and location		:	
5.5.1	Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament	2016	10.36%	Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Office
5.5.1	Proportion of seats held by women in local parliaments*	2016	9.5%	Union Election Commission

	Indicator	Year	Value	Source of Publication
5.5.2	Number of ministerial positions that are held by women as a percentage of total	2016	9.09%	Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Office
5.5.2	Number of leadership positions held by women in local governments as a percentage of total		:	
5.5.2	Number of seats in national parliaments held by women as a percentage of total	2016	10.36%	Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Office
5.5.2	Number of women law officers as a percentage of total*	2016	53.0%	Union Supreme Court
5.5.2	Number of women police officers as a percentage of total	2014	7.5%	CSO – Statistical Yearbook / Myanmar Police Force

Indicator	Year	Value	Source of Publication
5.5.2		:	
5.6.1		:	2015-16 Demographic and Health Survey
5.6.2		:	
5.a.1	2015	24.5%	Myanmar Poverty and Living Conditions Survey 2015-2016

Indicator	Year	Value	Source of Publication
5.a.1	2015	14.2%	Myanmar Poverty and Living Conditions Survey 2015-2016
5.a.1	2015	32.1%	Myanmar Poverty and Living Conditions Survey 2015-2016
5.a.1	2015	24.5%	Myanmar Poverty and Living Conditions Survey 2015-2016
5.a.2		:	FAO Gender and Land Rights database - Legislation Assessment Tool
5.b.1	2015	76.7%	ITU International Telecom Union
5.c.1		:	

**Myanmar Sustainable Development Plan (MSDP)** 19

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**One Vision**

Goal1 Peace , National Reconciliatio n , Security & Good Government	Goal2 Economic Stability & Strengthened Macroeconomic Management	Goal 3 Job Creation & Private Sector Led Growth	Goal4 Human Resources & Social Development for a 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Society	Goal5 Natural Resources & the Environment for National Prosperity
Pillar 1: Peace & Stability	Pillar 2: Prosperity & Partnership		Pillar 3: People & Planet	

**28 Strategies, 251 Action Plans & Project Bank**