



SDG Global Indicator Framework and Decent Work

ILO Department of Statistics

ILO Department of Statistics



Outline

1. SDGs Global Indicator Framework
2. Decent work agenda in the SDGs
3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian agency
4. Indicators where ILO is involved
5. ILO support to SDGs monitoring- global and country levels



1. SDGs Global Indicators Framework (1)

- Agreement on a Global Indicator Framework (GIF) for monitoring progress towards achieving SDGs reached on 11 March 2016 (47th Session of the UNSC);
- Framework proposed by the Inter-Agency and Expert Group on SDG indicators (IAEG-SDGs) to the UN Statistical Commission, hosted by the Statistics Division of the UNDESA;
- The 48th Session of the UNSC (7-10 March 2017) agreed on a draft resolution adopting the SDGs GIF;
- ECOSOC approved the draft resolution on 7 June 2017;
- UN General Assembly in its 71st Session adopted the SDGs GIF, on 7 July 2017 (Resolution A/RES/71/313).



1. SDGs Global Indicators Framework (2)

Indicators are classified into three tiers:

- Tier I: An internationally established methodology and standards are available, and data are regularly produced by countries for at least 50 per cent of countries and of the population in every region where the indicator is relevant;
- Tier II: An internationally established methodology and standards are available, but data are not regularly produced by countries;
- Tier III: No internationally established methodology or standards are yet available for the indicator, but methodology/standards are being (or will be) developed or tested.



1. SDGs Global Indicators Framework (3)

Issues of data disaggregation (Leaving no one behind):

- Sustainable Development Goal indicators should be disaggregated, where relevant, by income, sex, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability and geographic location, or other characteristics, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.

(Report of the IAEG-SDGs to the 47th Session UNSC, March 2016, Para. 26 & SDG Target 17.18).



1. SDGs Global Indicators Framework (4)

Goal	Target	Indicator
Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts	17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics
		17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics
		17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding



2. Decent Work Agenda in the SDGs (1)

- Decent Work Agenda has a specific Goal 8 on Decent work and economic growth (*Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment and decent work for all*);
- **BUT NOT ONLY IN GOAL 8**
- Also enshrined in some other 7 SDGs Goals such as Goal 1 (No Poverty), Goal 4 (Quality Education), Goal 5 (Gender Equality), Goal 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure), Goal 10 (Reduced Inequalities), Goal 14 (Life Below Water), and Goal 16 (Peace and Justice).



2. Decent Work Agenda in the SDGs (2)

- The current version on the Global Indicators Framework for monitoring progress towards achieving SDGs, as recently revised by the IAEG-SDGs (15 October 2018), includes some **42 decent work related SDGs indicators** (in a total of 232 unique indicators), spread in 8 Goals and 33 of the 169 SDGs Targets.
- The 3rd Meeting of the IAEG-SDGs (30 March to 1 April 2016 in Mexico City) proposed **ILO as the custodian agency for 14 SDGs indicators**. And another 4 SDGs indicators will require the contribution of the ILO (as **involved agency**) among other international agencies.



2. Decent Work Agenda in the SDGs (3)

- Since 15 October 2018, out of 14 indicators for which ILO is custodian agency (3 jointly), 10 are already Tier I or Tier II:
 - Tier I: 4 (5.5.2, 8.2.1, 8.5.2, 8.6.1)
 - Tier II: 6 (1.3.1, 8.3.1, 8.5.1, 8.7.1, 8.8.1, 10.4.1).
- Another 4 are still Tier III, and require further methodological work, or the current proposed methodology is to be agreed at international level:
 - Tier III: 4 (8.8.2, 8.b.1, 10.7.1*, 14.c.1).

(*) Has been recently moved to Tier II by the 8th Meeting of the IAEG-SDGs (5-8 November, Stockholm, Sweden).



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (1)

Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target	Indicator
1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable (Tier II)

1



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (2)

Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Target	Indicator
5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions (Tier I) 2



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (3)

Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Target	Indicator
8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors	8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person (Tier I) 3
8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex (Tier II) 4



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (4)

Target	Indicator
8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities (Tier II) 5
	8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities (Tier I) 6
8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (Tier I) 7



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (5)

Target	Indicator
8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age (Tier II; ILO jointly with UNICEF) 8
8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment	8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status (Tier II) 9
	8.8.2 Level of national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status (Tier III) 10



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (6)

Target	Indicator
8.b By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization	8.b.1 Existence of a developed and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national employment strategy (Tier III)

11



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (7)

Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries

Target	Indicator
10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality	10.4.1 Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers (Tier II)
10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies	10.7.1 Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of yearly income earned in country of destination (Tier III; ILO jointly with the WB)

12

13



3. Indicators for which ILO is custodian (8)

Goal 14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Target	Indicator
14.c Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of “The future we want”	14.c.1 Number of countries making progress in ratifying, accepting and implementing through legal, policy and institutional frameworks, ocean-related instruments that implement international law, as reflected in the United Nation Convention on the Law of the Sea, for the conservation and sustainable use of the oceans and their resources (Tier III; ILO with UN-DOALOS*, FAO, UNEP, other UN Oceans agencies)

14

(*) UN-DOALOS: UN Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea



4. Indicators where ILO is involved (1)

Goal	Target	Indicator
Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere	1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day	1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural) (Tier I; WB)
	1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection) (Tier II; ILO, UNESCO-UIS, WHO)

1

2



4. Indicators where ILO is involved (2)

Goal	Target	Indicator
Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex (Tier II; UNESCO-UIS)

3



4. Indicators where ILO is involved (3)

Goal	Target	Indicator
Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements	16.10.1 Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months (Tier II; OHCHR)

4



5. ILO support to SDGs monitoring (1)

- Decent work results framework (DWCP M&E to include clear results and indicators reflecting ILO's and constituents' valuable contribution to SDGs);
- Filling the data gaps (19th and 20th ICLS implementation, other gaps: IE, CL, OSH, LM, etc.);
- Capacity building (involving all ILO constituents and other relevant stakeholders);
- Future: Revised indicators and definitions in the ILO DWI Measurement Framework; SDGs DWI Manual.



5. ILO support to SDGs monitoring (2)

- Methodological development and testing:
 - measuring labour rights- done (20th ICLS),
 - measuring labour migration and recruitment costs (guidelines);
- Promoting the application of international standards
 - New definitions of employment, labour underutilization and measures of all forms of work, such as unpaid work (19th ICLS)
 - Released new tools on standards for work and labour market statistics;
- Development of new standards on status in employment (20th ICLS, October 2018), better measures of IE (planned revision)
 - Need for more information on working relationships
- Reporting on SDG indicators within ILO custodianship
 - Reviewing coverage of data available and working with regional and country offices to plan to close gaps.



5. ILO support to SDGs monitoring (3)

ONGOING INITIATIVES in Asia and the Pacific Region (at country-level):

- Ongoing or completed ILO support to SDGs M&Es frameworks in a number of member States, such as:
 - Bangladesh, India, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Mongolia, Pakistan, Philippines, PICs (Fiji, Samoa);
- Support to national SDGs reporting through SDGs decent work profiles, or SDGs related LMIS:
 - Philippines (completed); Brunei Darussalam, Fiji, Mongolia (ongoing); Lao PDR, Malaysia, Viet Nam, Samoa, etc. (planned);
- Continued support to implementing the 19th and 20th ICLS:
 - Indonesia, Malaysia, Mongolia, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Viet Nam, etc.



SDG GIF and Decent Work

Thank you!